# 설치

티키를 설치하기 위해서는 웹 개발자 혹은 프로그래머일 필요가 없습니다. 티키는 설치자를 위하여 대부분의 작업을 대신 하는 사용하기 편리한 위자드 기반의 설치관리자를 보유하고 있습니다. 나머지는 웹호스트의 제어판에서 완료될 수 있습니다..

완전한 초보자라면 (혹은 직접하는 것을 별로 좋아하지 않는다면), 티키에 친숙한 호스트 의 사용을 고려하여 보십시오. 대부분은 티키 설 치를 무료로 완료시켜 줄 것입니다.

## 개요

이 동영상들은 티키 설치에 대한 기본 개요를 제공합니다. 추가 동영상은 Tiki TV 와Tiki Movies 를 참고하십시오.

▲ 티키 설치관리자 화면을 완료하는 것과 데이터베이스 연결을 설정하는 것을 포함한 내용을 살펴보십시 오. 이 동영상은 초기 관리자 로그인과 일반 관리자 페이지도 보여줍니다.

출처 Tiki for <del>Dummies</del> Smarties

▲ 티키 설치관리자 화면을 완료하는 것과 데이터베이스 연결을 설정하는 것을 포함한 내용을 살펴보십시 오. 이 동영상은 초기 관리자 로그인과 일반 관리자 페이지도 보여줍니다.

출처 Tiki for <del>Dummies</del> Smarties

**티키3 의 기초 개요: 설치와 프로파일** 새 설치관리자와 프로파일 의 신규 세트의 응용프그램들이 티키3 에서 새롭게 등장합니다, 그리고 다음의 12분간의 스크린캐스트에서 간 략하게 보실 수 있습니다:

{flash movie="http://blip.tv/play/AYGC22KUnlc" width="648" height="467" allowscriptaccess="always" allowfullscreen="true" quality="high" }

단계별 설치

## 설치하기 전에

티키를 설치하기 전에, 요구사항과 설치 정보 를 읽어 보십시오. 적절한 계획은 걱정이 없는 설치를 보장합니다. 티키의 웹호스트가 필요하 시다면, 티키 친화적 호스트 의 목록을 살펴보십시오.

These instructions are intentionally generic, and should apply to most shared host installations. See Installation Guides for instructions for specific combination of operating system and web servers.

#### **Pre-requisites**

This guide assumes you have:

- FTP or SSH (shell) access to a webserver (such as Apache) with PHP5
  - Typically, you upload the files via a FTP client such as WinSCP or FileZilla.

• access to a MySQL database (should be provided by your webhost)

## 1.1. Create the database

Tiki requires a MySQL databse.

Many hosts offer a point & click interface to create databases and database users. For example, if your web host has cPanel you probably can see phpMyAdmin in the main menu or a the section labeled **Databases**.

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The MySQL and phpMyAdmin applications in cPanel 11.

Creating a database (and a database user) is a very simple operation. Essentially you will create a blank (empty) database that the Tiki installer will later populate with the correct tables and data.

#### The Three steps of Database Setup.

- 1. Create a database.
  - You can name the database anything you want, but don't get fancy with the name you can use **tiki**. Depending on your web host, your full database in phpMyAdmin may be listed as *accountname\_tiki*.

**Note**: By default, Tiki uses **UTF-8** for your database encoding. We strongly encourage you to select "utf8" in the "**collation**" drop-down box in phpmyadmin (or similar), in the field shown in the following image:

Data	abases	SOL	# Status	() Variables	Charsets	83 E
Actio	ns					
MySC	L loca	lhost				
8 g	Create n	ew datab		ollation	<b>i</b> (c	eate )
団,	AySQL (	connection	n collation:	utf8_general_ci		D
Interf	ace					
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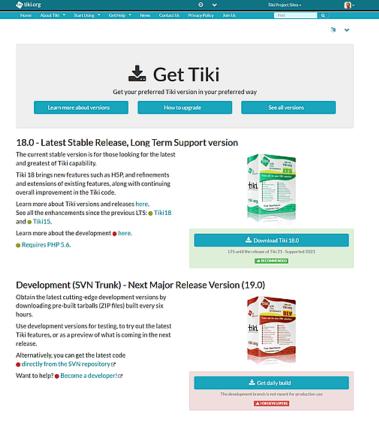
If you select a different encoding method, you may need to manually update your **../db/local.php** file. **Tip**: If you plan on having multiple Tiki installations, don't use **tiki** as the database name.

- Be sure to record the database name, you will need it later.
- 2. Create a database user (with password).
  - Again, don't get fancy with the database username. In fact, you can use the same name that you selected for the database (in step 1).
  - Select a **strong** password. You can easily recover your database username and password if necessary (by reviewing the ../db/local.php file in your Tiki directory.
  - $\circ~$  Be sure to record the username and password. You will need it later.
- 3. Assign all database permissions to the database user that you created (in step 2).

Congratulations. You now have a database that is ready to use, as well a a database user (and password) with the necessary permissions.

### 1.2. Download and unzip

Download the current version of Tiki to your local computer from http://tiki.org/download.



Download button on tiki.org

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The full Tiki archive file download is +20MB and is available in a variety of formats.

After downloading the Tiki archive file, decompress (unzip) the file to your local PC.

## **1.3. Upload to your webhost**

Use FTP (or SCP, SFTP, Rsync, SSH, etc) to connect to your webhost.

Once connected, find your web directory. It is often called www or public\_html. Note: This directory name may vary, depending on your webhost.

Upload all the Tiki files from your PC to you webhost.

- If you upload the Tiki files to the root of your web directory, Tiki will be accessible directly from the URL: http://www.yourdomain.com
- If you have installed (or plan to install) other applications on your webhost, you may consider putting Tiki in its own subdirectory (for example: http://www.yourdomain.com/tiki/). Keep in mind that this might mean that you will have to manually edit the file .htaccess to activate the Tiki subdirectory (for example this "RewriteRule ^(.+)\$ /tiki-index.php?page=\$1 [QSA,L]" might need to become this "RewriteRule ^(.+)\$ /tiki-index.php?page=\$1 [QSA,L]")

Time for more coffee?

## 1.4. Go to your website.

Open your web browser and access the web directory in which you copied the Tiki files (for example: http://www.yourdomain.com/tiki/ or simply http://www.yourdomain.com if you copied Tiki to the root of your web directory.

The Tiki Installer Welcome screen appears.

From Tiki for Dummies Smarties

The Tiki Installer Welcome screen appears.

# From Tiki for <del>Dummies</del> Smarties

The Tiki Installer Welcome screen appears.

wiki cms groupw	Tiki installer 6.0 ⊛ are
Upgrade	Welcome
Are you upgrading an existing Tiki	vercome
site? Go directly to the	Welcome to the Tiki installation and upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade your existing database to release
Install/Upgrade step. ⇒	6.0
Installation	For the latest information about this release, please read the Release Notes.     For complete documentation, please visit doc tilki org.     For more information about Tiki, please visit tilii org.
1. Welcome	· For more information about no, prease was taking.
2. Read the License	Select your language: English (en)
3. Review the System	
Requirements 4. Reset the Database	Continue
Connection	
5. Install/Upgrade	
6. Review the Installation	
<ol><li>Configure the General</li></ol>	
8. Enter Your Tiki	
Help	
💩 Tiki Project Web Site	
Documentation	
🛃 Support Forums	
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The Tiki Installer Welcome screen appears.

wiki cms groupy	ware Tiki installer 5.0
Installation 1. Welcome 2. Read the License 3. Read the License 4. Database Connection 5. Install 6. Readwork of Particulation 7. Configure the Operanal Setting 8. Enter Your Tiki Help	We come to the Taki installation and upprade script. Use this script to install a new Taki databases or upprade your existing databases to release 5.0 betw
TRAVIA Project Web Sile	



The Tiki Installer Welcome screen appears.

āē	Tiki installer 4.0 beta1
Installation 1. Welcome 2. Read the License 3. Review the System Requirements Connection 5. Instal Profile 6. Review the Lostallation 7. Configure the General Settings 8. Enter Your Tild Heip Tik/Wkk Project Web Site Documentation Support Forums	Welcome to the Tiki installation and upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use this script to install a new Tiki database or upgrade script. Use the script database is the script script. Use the script scrip

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The Tiki Installer Welcome screen appears.

Installation 1. Welcome 2. Read the License 3. Review the System Requirements 4. Database Connection 5. Install Profile 6. Review the Installation 7. Configure the General Settings 5. Enter Your Tiki Help Tik/WKI Project Web Site	Welcome Waterne to the Tiki installation and upgrade script. Use this script to install a Tiki database or upgrade your existing database to release 3.1 • For the latest information about this release, please read the Release • For complete documentation, please visit http://tikiwiki.org. • For more information about Tiki, please visit http://tikiwiki.org. • Select your language: English (en) •
Documentation	

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You should see a message indicating that Tiki could not connect to the database and prompting you to run the Tiki installer (tikiinstall.php).

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This message is normal and indicates that you are ready to install Tiki.

The Tiki Installer includes important links to the ReleaseNotes and Documentation. Be sure to review these documents before installing Tiki.

#### Troubleshooting

If your browser returns an error such as **Parse error: syntax error, unexpected T\_STRING**, you may have the incorrect PHP version.

Starting with Tiki 3.0, Tiki requires PHP5. Review the \_htaccess file included in the Tiki archive file for instructions on

activating PHP5.

#### See the Installation FAQs for more help.

#### **1.4.1. File and Folder permissions**

If your server is unhappy with Tiki file and folder permissions (this is dependent on server configuration), you may get an error message or blank pages. These failed attempts are typically in the error log (ask your web host to know where they are as it's different depending of your setup)

#### **Too few permissions**

If a message appears indicating that specific directories are not writable, you will need to change the permissions on the indicated directories. Tiki will attempt to verify that it can read (and write) to all necessary directories. This error message will include instructions about how to resolve the issue.

#### Too many permissions

If you are getting Internal Server Error 500, blank pages or similar, it could be that the permissions on the files are not appropriate for your webhost.

If your permissions are currently at "777", use your FTP client to change the files to "755". If Tiki is installed in a directory, make sure to also change the permission of the folder which contains the tiki files.

If you have shell access, you can run:

sh setup.sh

and answer any questions. If you don't know what to answer, just click "enter" to keep the defaults.

The option preselected in "Our choice" will initially be "c", to run "composer" script and get the required php dependencies for you. and in a second step, it will suggest "f", to fix file and directory permissions (classic default option). You can choose at any time the letter that best suits your needs, among the options offered.

If "sh setup.sh" doesn't work for you, you may try, in your ./tiki/ directory

chmod -R 777 ./db ./dump ./img/wiki ./img/wiki\_up ./img/trackers ./modules/cache ./temp ./temp/cache ./temp/templates\_c ./templates ./styles ./whelp/

Another way is to set permissions for all directories and then set permissions for all files. For example, to set the permissions for all directories to 777 and the permissions for all files to **644**, use the following separate commands through shell access:

find [YOURDIR] -type d -exec chmod 777 { } \; find [YOURDIR] -type f -exec chmod 644 { } \;

After correcting any directory or file permission problems, visit **tiki-install.php** to continue.

#### **1.4.2. SuPHP Problems**

Systems with SuPHP need permissions 755 at maximum. Group **must not** be allowed to write. This includes the complete path in the filesystem, not only document root of the webserver. Wrong permissions may lead to **500 Internal Server Error** here. On the other hand less permissions (namely 750 without *x/execute/subdir entry* for webserver) may lead to **403 Forbidden Error**.

#### **1.4.3. Permission Matrix**

Several usecases and minimum to maximum permissions you may try if something doesn't work properly. Permissions refer to data directly accessed by the webserver (files included by Tiki itself may and should have less permissions):

Ownership username:groupname	<b>no SuPHP</b> files / subdirectories	<b>with SuPHP</b> files / subdirectories
webserver:webserver	600 - 666 / 700 - 777	?
user:user	604 - 666 / 705 - 777	600 - 644 / 701 - 755
user:webserver	660 - 666 / 770 - 777	?
webserver:user	660 - 666 / 770 - 777	?

#### 1.4.3.1. Option

#### For your consideration

find . -type d -exec chmod 755 {} \; ; chmod 755 . ; find . -type f -exec chmod 755 {} \; ; chmod 751 db/local.php

#### 1.4.3.2. Option

The following commands might be useful. In particular, it might help you use an IDE (PhpStorm), etc:

For your consideration

\$ export PathToTiki="/var/www/tiki" \$ export WebServerOwner="www-data" \$ sudo usermod -aG \${WebServerOwner} \$(whoami) \$ sudo chown -R \${WebServerOwner}: \${PathToTiki} \$ sudo chmod -R g+rw \${PathToTiki}

In English, the above code adds you to the web-server group; forces the tiki tree to be owned by the web-server user and group; and then makes sure the tiki tree is readable and writable by the web-server group (you). Suggestions welcome!

## 1.5. Run the Tiki installer (tiki-install.php)

Open a web browser to: http://www.yourdomain.com/tiki-install.php (or http://www.yourdomain.com/tiki/tiki-install.php if you installed Tiki in a subdirectory).

The first page of the Tiki Installer appears. This installer will allow you to:

• Pick a language

- Test your server settings
  - If the installer detects that some of your server settings are inadequate, it will suggest changes to comply to the Requirements.
- Enter your database name, username, and password.
- This is the information from the database that you created earlier. You **did** remember to write it down, right?
- Create/update the database
- Set some preferences, such as admin email
- Disable the install script
- and more

Complete each page of the Tiki Installer.

#### Alternative "Step 5" without tiki-install.php

If you are unable to complete the Tiki Installer, continue with a Manual Installation.

## 1.6. Log in for the first time

Log in using the login box in the right-hand column.

- 1. Enter those informations :
  - 1. user: Enter admin
    - 2. pass: Enter admin
- 2. Click login.

## 1.7. Change the default password.

Use a strong password. You may want to logout right away, and login again, letting your password manager record your password.

## **1.8. Congratulations !**

It is recommended to create a new user and give him admin privileges instead of regularly using the admin account. You can now explore the interface but you should check the extra steps before to get you started.

## 1.9. Configure Your Tiki

Please visit Initial Configuration to explain the recommended next steps, or configuration for the table of contents related to configuring Tiki.

#### Add new features through post-install Profiles

Starting in Tiki3, you can enable several settings/permissions/content in sets altogether in a single go, in order to provide a common feature to your tiki site (make it multilingual, add freetags, configure it as a Collaborative environment, ...). And all that with a just few clicks through the Profile Manager from "Admin > Profiles".

Read more about it at Profiles.

# For more information on the Tiki installation process...

#### **Related pages:**

Installation FAQ Installation Guides - recipes, tips and detailed knowledge about specific hosting environments Migrate to Tikiwiki Move Tiki to a new server Reinstall - to point tiki to a new Database or re-run an upgrade Tiki in Ten minutes - a recipe for command line installations. Fantastico Installation Using SSH (for newbies) Manual Installation MultiTiki