

# Ã«Â²”Ã¬Â£Â¼

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Ã¬Â œÃ¬Â´Ã¬·Ã¬·Ã«Š” Ã«Â° Ã¬,Â¬Ã¬šÂ°Ã«Â°Ã«^Ã«Â«Â«. Categories are often used to control access to different sets of content.

Setting [permissions](#) for a category will **override** [global permissions](#) for objects in that category.

Example: A "public" category for anonymous users. If the global permissions in tikiwiki are set such that [anonymous](#) users cannot see wiki pages, then you can define a category called *public*, which does allow the [group](#) anonymous users to view the content. Then by adding a wiki page to category *public* - this page will now be visible without logging in.

Categories can also be used to aid navigation or create a [taxonomy](#) of objects. Categories are a tool that persists for all features, not just for wiki or articles or trackers. Depending on the settings, category listings can be displayed in a side module, above or below the content. [Menus](#), [modules](#) and [structures](#) are also used for navigation, and categories for access control. Articles also use [topics](#) for classification.

## Key Functioning and sub-features

- Organize categories in a tree hierarchy with unlimited subcategories.
- Assign objects to one or many categories
- Administrators can apply different permissions to different categories.
- Administrators can apply different themes to different categories.
- Deep search into subcategories from the [category browser](#)
- On wiki pages, you can show the category path and/or show objects in the same category(ies)
- Manage [Category Transitions](#) (Tiki4)

## CATEGORY PERMISSIONS

The way that category permissions work has changed substantially over time.

Up to version 1.9.11, a user with edit permission for a type of object is allowed to edit any object which they can view. In version 2.0, the [tiki\\_p\\_edit\\_categorized](#) permission allows editing of objects with the user's categories. See also [Categories Details](#).

Starting in [Tiki4](#), all permissions can be added to categories, and [Category Transitions](#) are introduced.

By changing the theme from one category to the next it is possible to create visually distinct "zones" in a tikiwiki site.

Related Plugins

- [PluginCategory](#) - creates a table of contents using categories.
- [PluginCatpath](#) - creates a "breadcrumbs" trail
- [PluginCatorphans](#) - displays uncategorized pages.

#### Related Modules

- [Module change\\_category](#) Powerful display and modifications of category of current object.
- [Module categories](#) Displays category tree.

#### Related Links

- [Category User](#) - explains how to navigate and search categories
- [Category Admin](#) - how to set up categories, and apply themes and permissions
- [Categories Details](#) - plugins, tweaks and other technical details.

#### Related external links

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Faceted\\_classification](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Faceted_classification)